

Amendments to the Claims

Kindly amend the claims as follows.

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1. (Currently Amended) A method of assembling a tissue engineered construct, comprising:
transfecting a plurality of mammalian cells with a gene for a growth factor; and
seeding the transfected cells onto a biocompatible matrix, wherein the
biocompatible matrix is coated with a material that promotes cell adhesion.
 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising culturing the cells until they
synthesize a desired amount of extracellular matrix.
 3. (Cancelled)
 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3 1, wherein the matrix comprises a member
of a synthetic or a non-synthetic material.
 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4, wherein the matrix comprises a member of
poly(glycolic acid), collagen-glycosaminoglycan, collagen, poly(lactic acid), poly(lactic-
co-glycolic acid), poly(anhydride), poly(hydroxy acid), poly(orthoester),
poly(propylfumerate), polysaccharide, polypyrrole, polyaniline, polythiophene,
polystyrene, polyester, polyurethane, polyurea, poly(ethylene vinyl acetate),
polypropylene, polymethacrylate, polyethylene, poly(ethylene oxide), poly(carbonate),
and any combination thereof.
 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the synthetic matrix comprises poly(glycolic
acid).

7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the cells are human cells.
8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the cells are selected from chondrocytes, hepatocytes, Islet cells, nerve cells, muscle cells, bone forming cells, fibroblasts, endothelial cells, stem cells, connective tissue stem cells, mesodermal stem cells, and epithelial cells.
9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the cells are chondrocytes.
10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, ~~further comprising adding a cell attachment facilitator to the matrix,~~ wherein the cell attachment facilitator material that promotes cell adhesion comprises ~~a member of~~ integrins, cell adhesion sequences, basement membrane components or derivatives thereof, agar, collagen or combinations thereof.
11. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising adding a cell metabolism regulator to the matrix.
12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the growth factor is a protein.
13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the growth factor is selected from TGF- β , TGF- α , acidic fibroblast growth factor, basic fibroblast growth factor, epidermal growth factor, IGF-I and II, vascular endothelial-derived growth factor, bone morphogenetic proteins, hepatocyte, platelet-derived growth factor, heparin binding growth factor, hematopoietic growth factor, and peptide growth factor.
14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the growth factor is insulin-like growth factor I.

15. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein transfection is accomplished without a viral vector.
16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein transfection comprises use of a lipid-based delivery system.
17. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein transfection is accomplished with a viral vector.
18. (Currently Amended) A tissue engineered construct, comprising:
a mammalian cell transfected with a gene for a growth factor; and
a biocompatible synthetic matrix, wherein the biocompatible synthetic matrix is coated with a material that promotes cell adhesion.
19. (Original) The tissue engineered construct of claim 18, wherein the cell is a chondrocyte.
20. (Original) The tissue engineered construct of claim 18, wherein the synthetic matrix comprises poly(glycolic acid).
21. (Original) The tissue engineered construct of claim 18, wherein the growth factor is insulin-like growth factor I.
- 22 through 42. (Withdrawn)
43. (New) A tissue engineered construct, comprising:

a chondrocyte transfected with a gene for insulin-like growth factor I; and
a biocompatible synthetic matrix.

44. (New) The tissue engineered construct of claim 43, wherein the synthetic matrix comprises poly(glycolic acid).
45. (New) A method of assembling a tissue engineered construct, comprising transfecting a plurality of chondrocytes with a gene for insulin-like growth factor I.
46. (New) The method of Claim 45, further comprising implanting the transfected cells into a mammal.
47. (New) The method of Claim 45, further comprising the step of seeding the transfected cells onto a biocompatible matrix.
48. (New) A tissue engineered construct, comprising:
a mammalian cell transfected with a gene for a growth factor, wherein the mammalian cell is selected from the group consisting of hepatocytes, Islet cells, and endothelial cells; and
a biocompatible synthetic matrix.
49. (New) The tissue engineered construct of claim 48, wherein the synthetic matrix comprises poly(glycolic acid).
50. (New) A method of assembling a tissue engineered construct, comprising transfecting a plurality of mammalian cells with a gene for a growth factor, wherein the cells are hepatocytes, Islet cells, or endothelial cells.
51. (New) The method of Claim 50, further comprising the step of implanting the transfected cells into a mammal.

52. (New) The method of Claim 50, further comprising the step of seeding the transfected cells onto a biocompatible matrix.

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